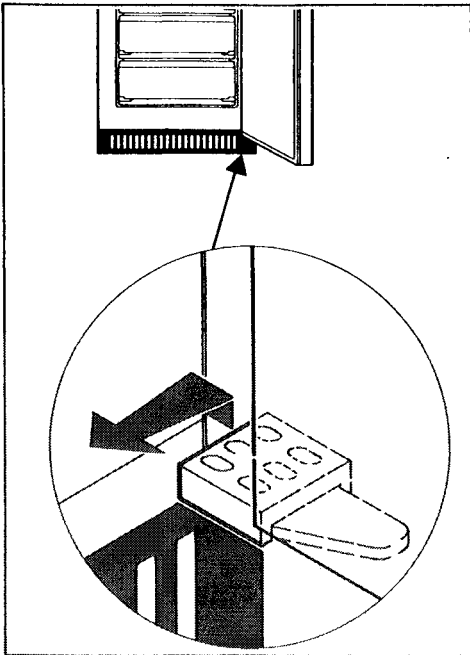


No-Frost Upright Freezer

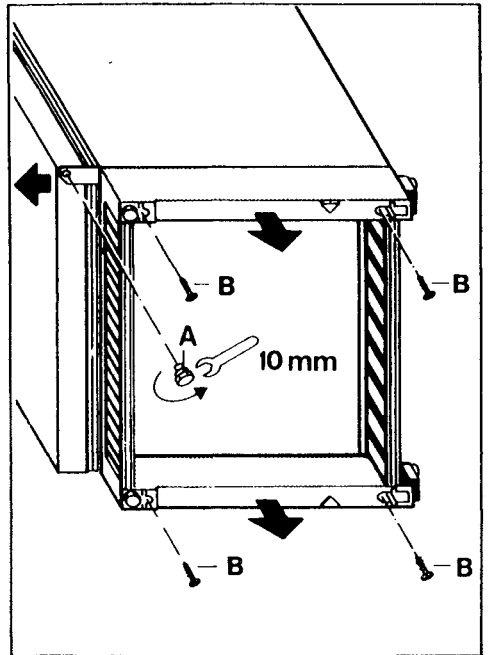
Operating Instructions

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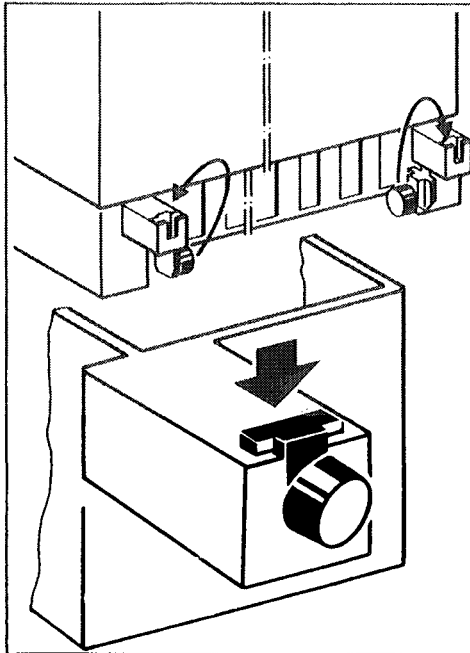
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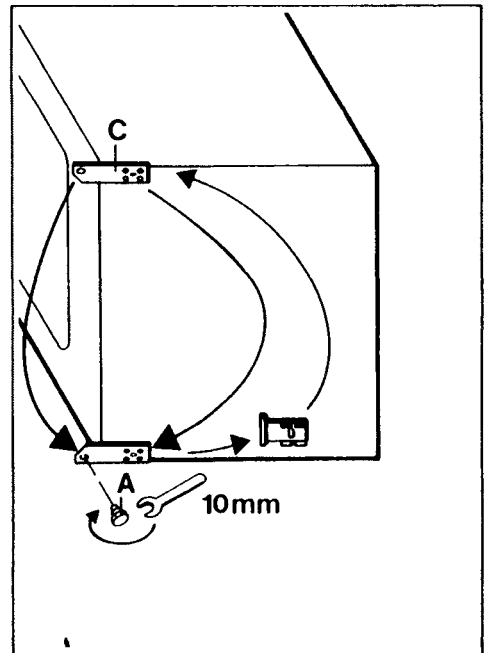
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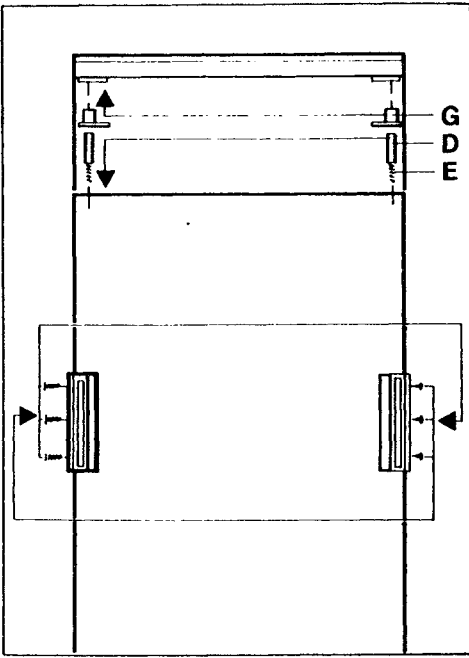
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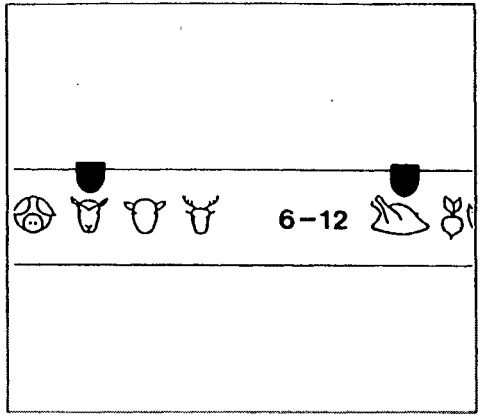
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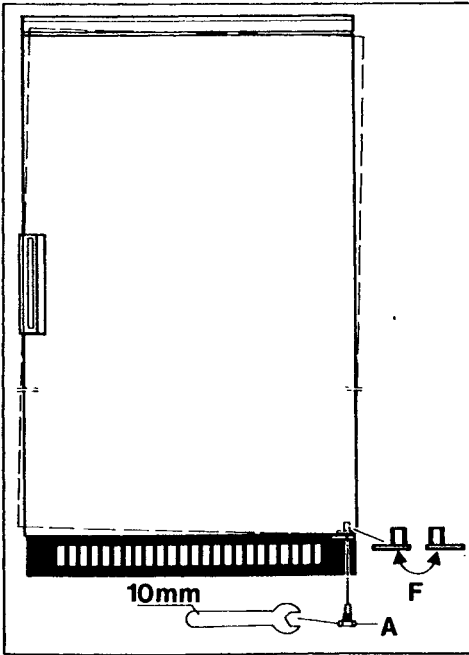
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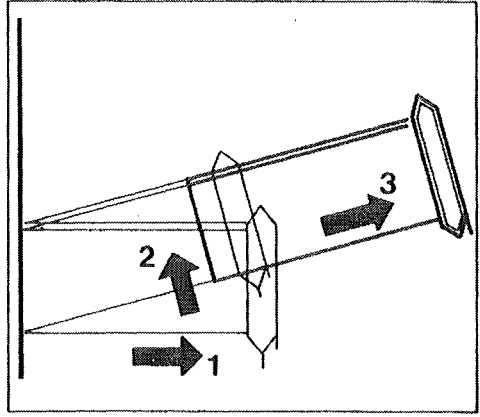
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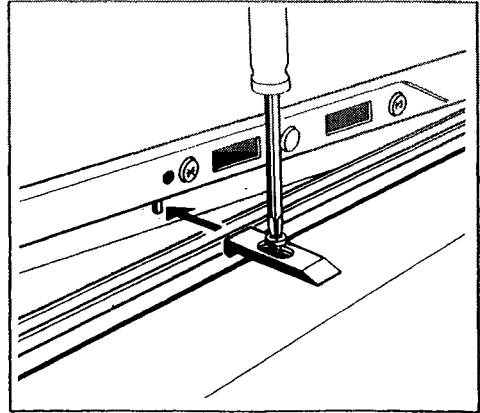
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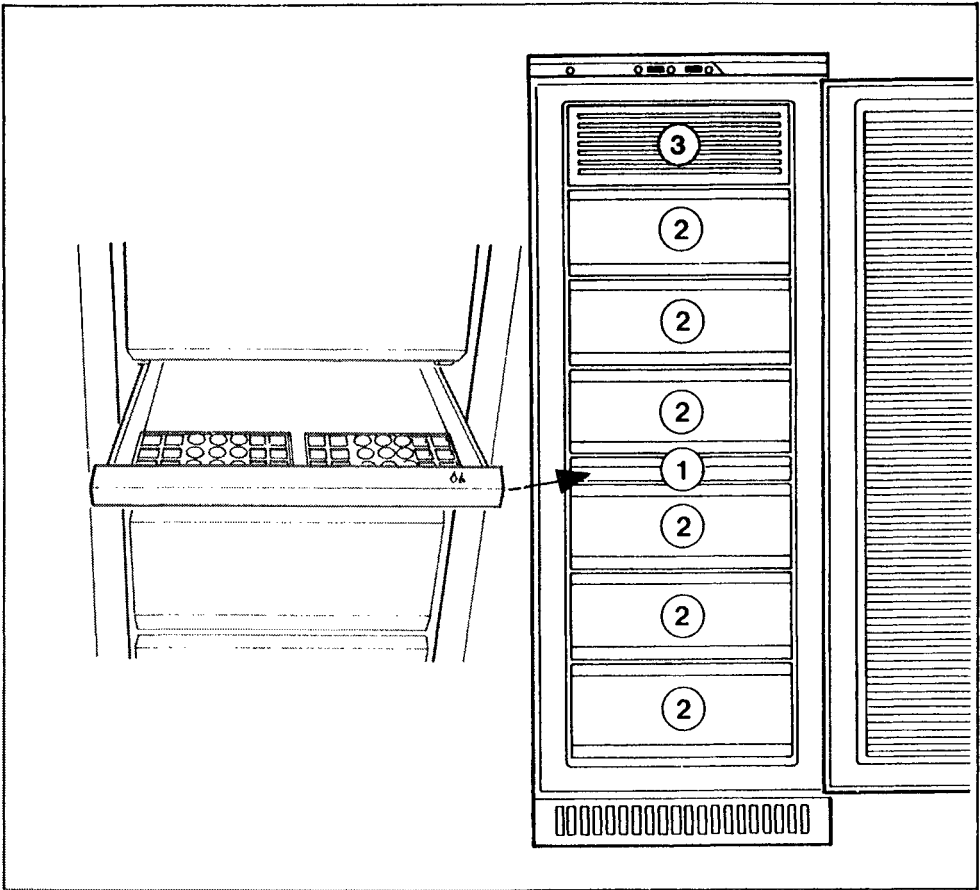
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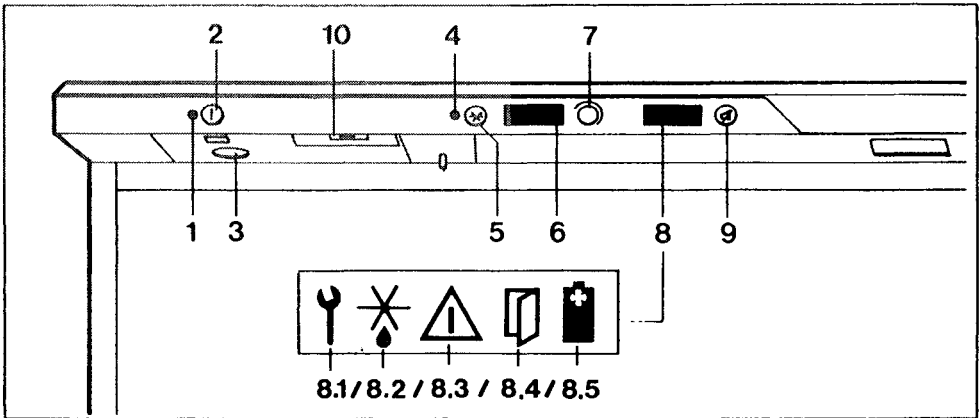
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11

Caution

If your new appliance has been bought as a replacement for an older model, please make the old appliance unusable at once: pull the plug out of the socket, cut the connecting lead off, and dispose of the plug together with the remaining lead in an environmentally friendly manner.

Any catch or lock on your old appliance should also be made unusable before you put the appliance away or hand it over to be disposed of in an environmentally friendly manner. In this way you can prevent children locking themselves in when playing and thus endangering their lives.

Please make sure that the pipelines of your freezer are not damaged before collection for environmentally appropriate disposal.

Information on the packaging of the appliance

All materials used are environmentally compatible. They can be safely thrown away on a rubbish dump or burnt in a refuse incinerator.

Concerning the materials: the plastics can also be reused and are labelled as follows:

PE for polyethylene (polythene), e.g. for the outer foil and for the bags inside

PS for polystyrol foam, e.g. for the padding, manufactured entirely without chlorofluorocarbons (CFC).

The cardboard parts are manufactured from recycled paper and should be returned for collection as scrap paper.

General tips

You have just purchased an upright freezer which has been produced according to the standards applicable to these appliances. During manufacture, the necessary measures have been taken as required by the Appliance Safety Act, the Accident Prevention Regulations for Refrigerating Installations (VBG 20), and the Requirements of the Association of German Electrical Engineers (VDE).

The refrigeration circuit has been checked for leakage. The appliance is radio-interference suppressed in accordance with EC Directive 82/499/EC as well as with the Standard relating to the Retroactive Effect on the Mains supply EN 60 555 Parts 1-3 / DIN VDE 0838 Parts 1-3, June 1987.

Before starting up, we recommend you to read the following instructions for use, since only by doing so can you benefit from all the advantages offered by your freezer.

These instructions for use are intended for several technically comparable models with different equipment. Please only take note of the instructions that apply to your particular version.

The No-frost system

Fig. 10

The freezing of fresh food and the storage of deep-frozen food is made possible by cold air.

A condenser (3) in the No-frost system cools the air in the interior of the appliance which is then circulated and evenly distributed by a fan. This constant, circulating stream of air ensures a dry freezing climate with low fluctuations in temperature and little difference in temperature from one part of the freezer compartment to another. The moisture in the air is separated out by the condenser, which de-frosts itself automatically whenever necessary, always bearing in mind the need to conserve energy.

The thaw-water is led out to the cooling unit where it is evaporated by the heat generated there.

The freezing compartment and the items stored in it are thus always free of frost and ice, and there is no need for manual defrosting.

In order to avoid any damage, do not attempt to open the front cover of the no-frost condenser (3).

Commercial use

Should you use your home freezer commercially or for purposes other than refrigeration, freezing, and deep frozen storage of food and drinks, you must observe the legal requirements applicable to your area.

Choice of location

If possible, your freezer should be installed in a dry, well-ventilated room.

Its installation in a damp room or the occurrence of weather-dependent high air humidity may temporarily lead to precipitation of moisture (dew formation) on the outside of the freezer compartment.

Never install near a heater or oven, or in direct sunshine. If installation beside a heat source is unavoidable, the following minimum distances at the sides are to be complied with: To electric cookers 3 cm, to oil or coal fired cookers 30 cm.

Install a heat protection panel between the two appliances. In case of installation beside a refrigerator or freezer, a distance of 2 cm is necessary on air circulation grounds and to avoid condensation.

Do not install in a room whose temperature may exceed +38 °C for any length of time.

The appliance should be installed on a firm, horizontal surface. Correct any floor irregularities by twisting the adjustable feet in or out.

Removing the adhesive tapes

For transport purposes, the door is secured with adhesive tapes on the housing.

Remove any possible adhesive tape residues with a cleaner or petrol.

Removing the transport protection

Fig. 1

Open the freezer door to an angle of 90° and lift out the protective packing as shown in the sketch.

Your freezer needs air

Fig. 2

The cooling unit is designed for maintenance-free operation.

However, what it does need is plenty of air circulating past it, so that the heat generated alongside the rear wall of the appliance can be dissipated.

Air is drawn in under the appliance and passes out through the gap at the back of the storage shelf on top. Never obstruct these openings.

Both wall spacers are to be inserted into wall space holders rigidly connected to the plinth (see diagram) in order to achieve the right distance between the wall and the ventilation grille.

Good provision for air inlet and outlet must also be made if your appliance is surrounded by high level or low level cupboards.

The air outlet openings into the room must each be at least 200 cm².

The minimum clearance between the top edge of the appliance and any overhead cupboard fixed above it should be at least 5 cm.

Electrical connection

WARNING - THIS APPLIANCE MUST BE EARTHED

Please ensure that the voltage and current indicated on the rating plate agree with the voltage of your electricity supply.

220/240 volts (i. e. 220/240 V AC).

If your appliance has been equipped with a mains lead with a moulded-on type plug, you must comply with the following regulations: The plug moulded on to the cord incorporates a fuse. For replacement, use a 13 amp BS 1362 fuse. Only ASTA approved or certified fuses should be used. The fuse cover/ carrier must be replaced in the event of changing the fuse. The plug must not be used if the fuse cover/ carrier is lost. A replacement cover/carrier must be obtained from an electrical goods retailer. If the socket outlets in your home are not suitable for the plug fitted to the appliance, then the plug must be cut off and an appropriate one fitted. When fitting the plug please note the following points:

Important

The wires in the mains lead are coloured in accordance with the following code:

Green and Yellow	Earth
Blue	Neutral
Brown	Live

As the colours of the wires in the mains lead of this appliance may not correspond with the coloured markings identifying the terminals in your plug, proceed as follows:

1. The wire which is coloured green and yellow must be connected to the earth terminal in your plug, which is marked with the letter E or by the earth symbol ⚡ or coloured green, or green and yellow.
2. The wire which is coloured brown must be connected to the live terminal which is marked with the letter L or coloured red.
3. The wire which is coloured blue must be connected to the neutral terminal which is marked with the letter N or coloured black.

When wiring the plug, ensure that all strands of wire are securely retained in each terminal. Do not forget to tighten the mains lead clamp on the plug.

Warning! A cut-off plug inserted into a 13 amp socket is a serious safety (shock) hazard. Ensure that the cut-off plug is disposed of safely.

Voltage 220/240 V AC

Fuse rating 13 amps

See rating plate for further information. The rating plate is located on the inside of the appliance, high up on the left-hand side.

Plug socket

The plug socket necessary for connection of the freezer to the electricity supply should be positioned so that it is possible to pull out the appliance plug.

Changing over the door hinges

Figs. 3, 4, and 5

Before connecting your freezer to the power supply, you should check whether the door must be re-hinged to open from the right (as delivered) to opening from the left, if this is required by the installation position or for ease of operation.

Place the freezer on its left-hand side, with a mat underneath it so that the external housing is not damaged.

To remove the door, unscrew the bearing pin (A). Lift the door off from underneath and take it out sideways.

Store the door where it cannot be damaged, as well as the bearing pin (A). Unscrew the four cross-head bolts (B) from the plinth and keep them safely. Remove the plinth and change over the right-hand door hinge (C) and the left-hand blind plinth bearing as shown in the sketch. Screw the bearing pin (A) back into the door-hinge and screw the plinth on again. Set the freezer upright again.

Reposition the eccentric bearing bush (G). Take out the hinge-pin (D) with the spiral spring (E) and fit them in to the door on the left-hand side at the top. Fit the door onto the bearing pin (A), press the pin (D) in until it clicks into place upwards in the door-hinge.

Unscrew and reposition the handle of the freezer door. Cover over the screw holes with snap-in covers.

Aligning the door

Fig. 6

If necessary, the left-hand top edge of a door hinged on the right, or the right-hand top edge of a door hinged on the left, can be raised or lowered.

Remove door.

Remove bearing pin (A). Lift door from door bearing below and remove downwards.

Remove eccentric bearing bush (F) from door and change round as required. Refit door.

QUICK door release

Your freezer is equipped with a QUICK door release – an opening mechanism integrated in the door handle – easy door opening is possible at all times. Please make sure that both carriers engage the first fold of the door seal behind the magnet insert which you can feel with your fingers.

Symbols for stored food

Fig. 7

Some freezer models are provided with food symbols on the drawers. Sort the food to be frozen according to type and place it in separate drawers. Place the markers supplied on the appropriate symbols. In this way you can keep better track and will save time when retrieving the food, as the door will be left open for as short a time as possible, thus saving electricity.

Freezer calendar

Fig. 7

The figures next to the symbols indicate the maximum storage time in months, whereby several types of food have been grouped under each set of figures.

Further details are contained in the freezer book.

Transparent drawers

Several models are equipped with transparent drawers. Sort the food to be frozen according to type, and place it in separate drawers.

Thus you can tell at a glance where a particular type of food is stored and where you will have space available for storage. This means that the door will be left open for as short a time as possible, thus saving electricity.

Removing the freezer drawers

Fig. 8

The stable freezer drawers are protected against tilting and are held by retainers in their end position. This ensures safe and convenient storage and removal of frozen food.

To remove, pull the drawer out as far as it will go, tilt it upwards, and withdraw it forwards.

Taking a drawer out is particularly useful if you are freezing or storing items which are too large to fit

into one drawer. You can then stack the drawer below it correspondingly higher.

Separate freezer drawer with battery and ice-cube trays

Figs. 10 and 11

In the freezer there is a separate freezer drawer (**Fig 10 (1)**) with a battery compartment and two shaped ice-trays.

Before starting up, please fit the battery into the compartment provided (Fig 11 (10)).

Ice can be produced in various shapes and sizes in the two ice moulds.

In the freezer tray, berries can be pre-frozen and then packed a portion at a time in the other freezer drawers. The berries then retain their shape.

The separate freezer tray also serves for the storage of small frozen items, e.g. herbs.

Internal lighting

Your freezer is fitted with internal lighting which automatically switches on when the freezer door is opened.

The 15 W bulb is located under the indicator and control panel at the top of the appliance.

The freezer contents are also thereby readily identifiable even in dimly lit rooms.

The lighting is automatically switched off when the door is closed.

Adjustment of contact sensor for door acoustic warning and/or internal lighting

Fig. 9

If e.g. even when the door is closed, the lighting does not switch off automatically or the door acoustic warning sounds, you must re-adjust the contact sensor at the top of the door.

For this purpose, loosen the cross-headed screw of the contact sensor and shift the contact sensor towards the inside of the door.

Retighten the screw.

Check the function of the internal lighting and/or door acoustic warning by opening and closing the door, ensuring that the acoustic warning sounds not later than 80 seconds after the door has been opened if it has still not been closed.

Cleaning before starting up

In common with all new appliances, your freezer will emit a specific odour when new.

It is therefore advisable to clean the interior of the freezer and all accessories before use (see also "defrosting and cleaning").

Control panel

Fig. 11

- 1 Green pilot light for mains power
- 2 Button for switching on
- 3 Lockable off-switch (child-proof)
- 4 Yellow pilot light for fast freezing
- 5 Short-stroke button for fast freezing
- 6 Digital temperature indicator
- 7 Retracting temperature regulator
- 8 Warning indicators:
 - 8.1 Function
 - 8.2 Too warm/defrosting
 - 8.3 Temperature
 - 8.4 Open door
 - 8.5 Battery voltage
- 9 Short-stroke acknowledgement button for switching off acoustic warning of warm-up
- 10 Battery compartment

Multi-function control and information system

Fig. 11

In addition to the temperature indicator (6), your freezer has a system for informing you about the current status of your freezer and items being stored in it. The system can be divided into a visible (8) and an audible warning system. The visible warnings consist of 5 symbols (8.1–8.5) which indicate the following:

- 8.1 "Tool" symbol: malfunction. The electronic control unit on your freezer has detected a technical defect which will have to be repaired by our after-sales service. You will find more details under "Breakdowns and after-sales service".
The warning signal can be turned off for 24 hours by pressing the acknowledgement button (9).
- 8.2 "Drip" symbol: too warm / defrosting. Because of an interruption in the mains supply lasting a long time, or for some other reason, the frozen food being stored has warmed up to the point where it is too warm and starting to defrost. At

the same time the audible warning system draws your attention to this state of affairs, and the temperature indicator shows alternately the maximum temperature (i.e. the highest level the temperature has reached) and the temperature at that moment. The audible warning is switched off immediately you press the acknowledgement button (9), as are the "drip" symbol (8.2) and the alternating figures on the temperature indicator if you press button (9) at a moment when the temperature has already dropped back under the critical thawing level.

If you press the acknowledgement button (9) at a moment when the temperature is still above the critical thawing level, you need to press it again later in order to switch off the "drip" symbol and the alternating temperature display.

When you turn the freezer on, the "too warm / defrosting" warning is kept out of action until the storage temperature has been reached for the first time.

- 8.3 "Triangle" symbol: temperature warning. This warning lights up if the storage temperature in your freezer rises more than 5 degrees centigrade above the set level. At the same time the audible warning system draws your attention to this state of affairs. You should check whether this has a natural cause such as frequent opening of the door or the insertion of warm food, or whether there really is a malfunction. You can switch the audible warning signal off with the acknowledgement button (9).

If the internal temperature falls again and the difference to the set temperature reaches less than 5 °C, the warning light switches off automatically. The audible and optical warning is kept out of action when the freezer is switched on or if the storage temperature is re-set at a lower point, until the required temperature is attained.

- 8.4 "Open door" symbol: door warning. This warning light (8.4) comes on when the door is opened. After 80 seconds the audible warning system reminds you to close the door again as soon as possible, as the freezer cannot function properly with the door open. If you need more time than this for packing frozen food in or to take it out, the acoustic warning can be switched off by means of button (9). The warning symbol and the audible warning are automatically switched off when the door is closed again.

- 8.5 "Battery" symbol: battery warning. If the control system detects that the voltage in the battery is too low to maintain the warning systems if the power fails, the "battery" symbol will come on. There is no audible warning.

Interruption of mains supply / battery operating of the control and information system

Fig. 11

If the power supply is interrupted, the acoustic warning system draws your attention at 20-second intervals to the fact that the freezer is no longer able to provide the necessary freezing temperature, although the control and information system (8) continues to operate with the battery. The battery is able to maintain the function of the control system for at least 7 days after the power fails. The acoustic warning can be switched off for 2 hours by means of the acknowledgement button (9); at the same time the temperature indicator and the activated control systems are also briefly displayed.

This is a state-of-the-art lithium battery, which keeps environmental pollution to a minimum despite its long service life. If it is not discharged, which it will not be if the mains supply continues or if the freezer is switched off, its service life can run to 10 years or more. If, however, the temperature indicator and the control system of the freezer have to work from the battery for much more than about 100 hours, we recommend that you replace the battery. See the section on "changing the battery".

Changing the battery

Fig. 11

If the red battery-warning light (8.5) comes on, the battery needs changing. Open the door of the appliance and take the battery out of its compartment (10). Your freezer can also function without a battery, so you can operate it for a while without the battery in. When you buy a new a battery, which is only available from the manufacturer's after-sales service, you can hand back the old one. When you have fitted the new one in place, switch the appliance off for a moment as this is the only way of cancelling the battery-warning signal set off by the old battery. In addition, the electronic control system checks the new battery out when you switch on again.

Important points concerning disposal of old batteries:

Do not re-charge, open, or heat the battery, or throw it on the fire. Although it does not pollute the environment very much it should not be thrown away in the dustbin.

The environmentally responsible way of disposing of it is one of these alternatives:

- disposal in a special-waste collector set up by your local authority
- return to the manufacturer of the freezer via his after-sales service (see directory of service centres).

The freezer can basically work perfectly well without a battery, but if mains power fails or during the time that the battery-pack is taken out, all information systems are deleted and there is no way of setting off the warning system for mains power failure.

Starting up

Fig. 11

Make quite sure the battery is fitted in to the battery compartment (10) (see section on "Separate freezer drawer with battery and ice-cube trays"). Insert the mains plug of your freezer into a socket fitted as prescribed with the correct fuse or contact-breaker.

The freezer can now be switched on. Press the On button (2) down until it clicks. During the first 3 minutes after this, the electronic control unit carries out a self-test, in the first 15 seconds of which all the display elements are checked by switching them on for a moment. When this test is finished, the green pilot-light for mains supply (1) comes on. The red temperature warning display (8.3) shows by flashing that the storage temperature has not yet been reached. The temperature indicator (6) shows the current internal temperature. The cooling unit switches on after about 3 minutes. You should wait until the set storage temperature has been reached and the red temperature warning symbol (8.3) has gone out before inserting the items you wish to store.

Temperature indicator

Fig. 11

The temperature indicator (6) normally shows the temperature of the items you are storing in °C. The exceptions to this are:

1. After you have switched on, all the segments of the display will come on for a moment.
2. While the temperature is being set, the selected temperature will flash.

3. If the frozen food being stored has warmed up, for instance because of a power failure, to a level where it starts to unfreeze, the temperature at that moment is shown alternating with the maximum temperature attained.
4. If as a result of a breakdown the internal temperature cannot be measured, the display will show "F". See the section on "Breakdowns and after-sales service".

Temperature regulation

Fig. 11

The temperature regulator (7) can be used for setting the required storage temperature for your frozen food in steps of 1 °C.

First, press the temperature regulator (7) so that it comes up out of its lowered position and can be taken hold of and turned. At the same time the temperature indicator (6) will come on and flash to show the temperature set. The temperature regulator (7) can now be rotated to change the storage temperature in your freezer. Turning it to the left produces a warmer temperature (up to -15 °C), turning it to the right produces colder temperatures (down to -24 °C). If the temperature regulator is set at the "12 o'clock" position, the temperature indicator will flash -18 °C.

When you have set the storage temperature at -18 °C (food scientists regard this as cold enough), lower the temperature regulator (7) back into place by pressing it down. The temperature regulator (6) will now show you the current temperature inside your freezer.

Freezing and storage

Figs. 10, 11

Your freezer can be used for storage of frozen food and for freezing of fresh food.

Before filling the freezer for the first time with (deep-frozen) food, make sure the proper storage temperature of -18 °C has been attained.

If you intend to freeze food yourself, please note the following instructions:

Freeze only sound fresh food. Wrap the food in air-tight foil so that it does not lose its flavour or dry out. Do not freeze too large a quantity at any one time. The quality of the food is best preserved when it is frozen right through to the core as quickly as possible. Do not exceed the 24-hour freezing capacity of your appliance as indicated on the rating plate.

Lay the food, well wrapped up, directly into a freezer drawer. Fig. 10 (1, 2).

You must, however, keep already frozen food separate from the food you are freezing.

If you want to freeze smaller quantities of food, or store pre-frozen food, you can do so at any time without special preparation. The appliance recognises that more freezing output is needed and adjusts itself accordingly, until the pre-set storage temperature is attained. If, on the other hand, you intend to freeze large quantities we recommend that you create a reserve of coldness, which will shorten the freezing time and protect the food already in storage from undesirably high temperatures. To do this, press the button (5) for fast freezing about 24 hours in advance. The yellow pilot light (4) for fast freezing will come on to show you that the required reserve of coldness is being built up.

The automatic freezing control recognises when the necessary coldness reserve has been created and automatically switches the fast-freezing cycle off. The time needed for fast-freezing is 48 hours as a maximum but depending on the amount of coldness needed. This intelligent control system makes it possible for you to save energy when freezing. By pressing the fast-freezing button (5) again, you can stop the fast-freezing process at any time and switch back to normal operations.

Note for test-centres:

Stacking plans for calculating freezing output or warm-up times are available on request direct from the manufacturers.

Storing deep-frozen food and making good use of the cold

Once the freezing process is complete, deep-frozen storage starts at a temperature of -18°C or colder and in normal operation (without the fast-freeze button being pressed).

When freezing food yourself, please note the storage times indicated in the Freezer Book. For storage of already frozen food, it is imperative to note the storage time specified by the manufacturer on the packing.

Make sure that only packaged food is stored in the freezer, since unpackaged food will soon dry out when exposed to the extreme cold. With the exception of spirits and drinks containing a higher percentage of alcohol, beverages in glass bottles, particularly soft drinks containing carbon dioxide, juices, beer,

wine, etc., should not be stored in the freezer. When the contents freeze, the glass bottles will crack or even burst.

Never handle deep-frozen food with wet hands. Your hands could easily become frozen to the food. Never use the freezer as a means of cooling hot meals, since this causes heavy frost formation inside and an increase in electricity consumption.

Freezer Book with stored food chart

The Freezer Book contains detailed information and hints on freezing and storage. It also contains the stored food chart in which you can do your "book-keeping".

Enter the stored food with storage dates in soft pencil. In this way, you will at all times have a summary of your frozen food stocks and storage times. No more unnecessary searching and no cold-losses through prolonged door opening times. After taking out the frozen food, do not forget to rub out the corresponding entry.

Defrosting and cleaning

The No-frost system means that the freezer compartment remains free of ice at all times.

Your appliance defrosts automatically, and there is no need for you to defrost it manually. The electronic control unit de-frosts it automatically whenever necessary, always bearing in mind the need to conserve energy. The defrosting cycles are brought in more or less frequently as the degree of moisture accumulation requires. The greatest accumulation occurs when the door is opened, so the number and lengths of time that this occurs determines the frequency of the defrosting cycles.

The thaw-water is led out to the cooling unit where it is evaporated by the heat generated there.

You can decide when it is necessary to clean the freezer out. This is obviously best done when it is empty or when stocks are at least low.

Any temperature rise will reduce the time for which the frozen food can be kept. Before defrosting, therefore, switch your freezer over to "Fast Freeze" for around 12 hours to build up a sufficient reserve of cold.

Any food packages remaining in the freezer, hermetically packed if possible, should then be wrapped in several layers of newspaper and stored in a cool place (e.g. refrigerator).

When being defrosted or cleaned, the freezer definitely must not be connected to the mains supply, so pull out the plug from the mains or remove the fuse or contact-breaker.

For cleaning, take all the freezer drawers out of the appliance. Clean the interior and the accessories with luke-warm water containing a little mild detergent, then wipe over with clear water and dry well. The outside housing can be cleaned in the same way.

Make very sure that no cleaning water can get in behind the control panel.

Switching off the appliance

Fig. 11

Your freezer is equipped to prevent its being accidentally switched off (with a child-proof mechanism). If you really want to take your appliance out of operation, in order to clean it for instance, or to move house, or for any other reason, you have to open the door. Press the latching Off-switch (3) underneath the On-switch (2). This releases the On-switch and switches the appliance off completely.

The Off-switch (with a latching knob) is located underneath the On-switch and is only accessible when the door is open.

Do not pull the plug out until you have switched the freezer off. **Switching it off merely by pulling the plug out or pulling out the fuse or contact-breaker, i.e. without pressing the Off-switch (3), sets off the battery-operated warning system.** Your attention will then be drawn to the interruption in mains supply by the audible warning buzzer (see section on: "Control and information system, Interruption of mains supply").

If your freezer is to remain switched off for any length of time, it must be disconnected (unplugged) from the electricity supply. It should then be defrosted, cleaned thoroughly, and left with the door open to prevent any odours from forming.

Faults and servicing

Fig. 11

In order to ensure absolute safety, always have any necessary repairs, especially repairs to the electrical parts of the appliance, carried out by a qualified electrician. In the event of a breakdown you are advised to call either the dealer from whom you purchased the freezer or our after-sales service department direct.

The intelligent control and information system detects faults in the freezer in good time and reports them. If the red function warning light (8.1) starts to flash, please contact the after-sales service at once.

This flashing light (8.1) does not necessarily mean that the temperature inside the freezer has started to rise. Your freezer can continue to generate cold despite the presence of a technical defect, for instance the defrosting heater or the temperature sensor may have stopped working (in the latter case an "F" appears on the temperature indicator). Such defects show up as a change in temperature only after a very long time.

If the electronic control unit detects a technical defect which has to be repaired by the after-sales service centre, an audible warning draws additional attention to the defect. It can be switched off for 24 hours by pressing the acknowledgement button (9). Cancelling the warning by switching the freezer off should not be done until the serviceman carried out the repair, because not all faults can be identified through the test function in the first three minutes. When calling in the after-sales service, please always state:

- the model designation
- E-number, and
- F-number of your appliance.

These data are indicated on the rating plate on the top left inside the appliance.

Keep the freezer closed, and inform the after-sales service department whether or not the refrigeration is still functioning. If it is not, the reserves of cold in the permanently installed cold-accumulators underneath the No-frost system, and in the frozen food itself, will be sufficient to tide over a period of 1 to 2 days, depending on model, and if the freezer is full.

N.B.1 Unjustified after-sales service calls must be paid for even during the guarantee period, so please check first whether the power supply has been interrupted (pull out the plug, remove the fuse or contact-breaker, check whether there has been a power failure all over the neighbourhood, etc.). If necessary, inform your electrical dealer without delay (see section on: "Control and information system, 8.6, Interruption of mains supply").

Minor repairs you can carry out yourself

- Internal lighting

If the bulb is defective, you can easily replace this

yourself. For this purpose, disconnect the freezer from the mains (switch off and unplug). The bulb is easily accessible underneath the control panel at the top of the appliance.

Use only a spare 15 W lamp.

– Spare parts

Spare parts can be ordered from the service centre. You can fit these yourself without any special skill or training, e.g.

- freezer drawers
- door handle
- battery compartment

Hints on energy saving

One or two additional hints on energy-saving are given below:

- Do not install your freezer next to a radiator, oven, or in direct sunlight, since, through high ambient temperature, the temperature regulator switches on the refrigerating unit more frequently and for longer.
- Never place any hot food in the freezer – first allow the food to cool to room temperature.
- Do not open the door unnecessarily, and close it again as quickly as possible.
- Check the storage temperature in the freezer compartment with the temperature indicator.
- Do not set the storage temperature for your frozen food colder than -18°C .
- Ensure good ventilation for your freezer.
- Keep the heat-dissipating condenser (heat exchanger), the metal grill on the rear wall of your freezer, clean. Thoroughly clean it at least once per year, preferably when your freezer is empty or when you are defrosting and cleaning it.

If you should ever move house

Fig. 11

If your freezer is not fully loaded, pack all the frozen food in concentrated fashion at a few storage levels. Switch over to fast freeze 24 hours before the removal van is due to leave, to create a low-temperature reserve in the frozen food.

Then switch the appliance off by pressing the Off-button (3), in order to de-activate the warning system and to spare the battery.

Secure the freezer door against opening during transport.

Place the freezer on the removal van last so that you can unload it first and connect it to the mains again.

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